FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

For Almanac—August 15.

Sun Rises	5.18 A M
Sun Sets	6.50 P M
Day's Length	13 h 32 m
High Water at Southport	1.03 P M
High Water at Wilmington	2.50 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 15.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 80°, 8 p. m., 81°; maximum, 91°; minimum, 75°; mean, 86°.

Rainfall for the day, 0.; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.19.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light showers are reported from all sections of the cotton belt during the past twenty-four hours. Generally fair and continued warm weather prevails this morning.

The maxium temperature at Greensboro for the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday was 100 degrees, at Charlotte 94 Lumberton, Weldon and Goldsboro, 95; Wilmington 89.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Partly cloudy, with local thunderstorms; southerly to westerly winds; warmer in the interior Saturday evening.

The barometer has risen slowly on the Atlantic coast and in the extreme Northwest. It is highest northeast of New England and lowest over the Southern plateau regions.

Fair and slightly warmer weather will prevail in the Northern States east of the Mississippi. Local thunderstorms are indicated for the South Atlantic and East Gulf States.

OUTLINES

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan will visit friends in Dutchess county, New York, where he will write his formal letter of acceptance; he will reach Lincoln, Neb., about September 1st, and receive the notification committee of the National Silver party at that time. —— The volume of business throughout the country is practically unchanged and new features do not indicate any improvement in prospects for Fall trade. —— The Treasury gold reserve stood at $106,063 916 yesterday. —— Negotiations for the settlement of the Southern Railway and Seaboard Air Line trouble have made considerable progress. Democrats in the State of Washington are dissatisfied with the plan of fusion with Populists and silver Republicans and will nominate a separate ticket if not given a Congressman. —— It was stated in the House of Commons that there was probability that pending negotiations would lead to an early and satisfactory settlement between the United States and Great Britain in regard to the Venezuela matter. —— A little white girl was taken from a house in Baldwin county, Ala., by a white man or bright mulatto, carried to the woods and brutally treated. —— The injunction suit against the S. A. L. in regard to rate-cutting will be heard at Greenville, South Carolina, to-day. —— New York markets: Money on call was firmer at 3½@7 per cent; last loan at 4 and closing offered at 4 per cent; cotton quoted dull; middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling uplands 8 3 16c; Southern flour was quiet and steady; common to fair extra $2 00@3 60; good to choice $2 60@2 90; wheat—spot dull and easier; corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 28½c. at elevator and 29½c. afloat; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 23¾@24¼c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.57½@1.60.

A man in Kentucky was recently poisoned by drinking milk. Kentucky men should always be careful in imbibing strange drinks.

The New York *Advertiser*, Rep., remarks upon the "ordeal" through which Mr. Sewall is passing. But he seems to stand it like a man who rather enjoys it.

A Northern gold organ admits that "Bryan undoubtedly has the courage of his convictions." And he has several millions of robust people in this country backing him.

The New York *World* takes it for granted that the coming State Convention will ratify the nominations of Bryan and Sewall, but doesn't want it to jump onto the Chicago platform.

The Washington *Times* asks, "Is this a perfect Government?" Well, not quite. But we will improve it when we get Wm. J. Bryan in the White House and a free silver Congress to back him.

The Chattanooga *Times* rises to remark that "if Hoke don't 'go,' he should be put out without ceremony." Hoke's staying in seems to put a good many of the gold fellows out, but Hoke will doubtless get out in due time.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Li Hung Chang seems to have been studying the bimetallic question, and remarked in talking with officials of the Bank of England that the question of bimetallism must be settled by the silver producing and silver using countries, in which opinion his head is quite level. He incidentally remarked that England might settle it but wouldn't for her interests are the other way, a fact which bimetallists in this country discovered some time ago.

Joseph Bellini was arrested in New York the other for running a stiletto into John Carroll, who deliberately walked up to him and asked him "if it was hot enough" for him. This enraged the gentleman from Italy who could stand a good deal but not everything. The judge before whom Mr. Bellini was arraigned admitted that the provocation was great but felt it to be his duty to hold him until the result of the puncturing became known.

The New York *Sun* which in past years gave much effort to dividing the Democratic party, is now very solicitous to close the breach between the New York Republican factions. But it hasn't been long enough in the party to be yet looked upon as a harmonizer, besides which the Republican bosses know the *Sun*.

Some of the gold organs are beginning to discover that long and eagerly looked for "reaction in the West." They first "discovered" it up in the northeast corner, in Vermont, and this encouraged them to turn their spyglasses Westward.

The goldites are not chirping so much just now on retiring the greenbacks. But if they lay silver out that will be the next move, and yet they haven't anything to offer us for the $500,000,000 of paper they would retire.

In the estimation of the Philadelphia *North American* the situation must be getting desperate, for it calls on McKinley to take the stump. It thinks "the critical importance of the situation" demands that McKinley should get up and hump himself.

Hon. Mark Hanna is quoted as saying that McKinley is about as likely to carry Texas as Michigan. Evidently Mark isn't banking much on Michigan, but he shouldn't give his man away in that style.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAS D NUTT—Prescriptions.
STR. WILMINGTON—Schedule.
D. O'CONNOR—Desirable store for rent

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Rev. L. L. Nash, D. D., of Fayetteville, will preach at Fifth Street M. E. church to-morrow at 8.15 p. m.

— The British steamship *Carlton*, 2006 tons, Capt. Adams, sailed from Port Natal for this port August 6th.

— An excursion train arrived here yesterday over the A. C. L. from Spring Hope, N. C., with about four hundred passengers.

— In Justice Bunting's court yesterday John Forbes, colored, was committed to jail without bail to await the action of the Criminal Court, upon the charge of feloniously assaulting a colored girl under 12 years of age.

— The alarm of fire at 11.30 a. m. yesterday came from box No. 17. The fire was on the roof of a small house on Davis between Second and Third streets. It was extinguished speedily and the damage was very small.

— What sort of game are the politicians playing, anyhow? Now the Pop. Convention has adjourned and left an incomplete ticket, just as the Republicans did. Democrats should pay no attention to these dodges, but go right ahead with their work on strictly Democratic lines.

— The Republican Executive Committee is scheduled to meet in Raleigh to-day. What will they do now that the Pops. have nominated a full State ticket without filling any of the "gaps" left in the Republican ticket headed by the Hon. Demosthenes Lycurgus Russell?

— The campaign in North Carolina has not yet assumed definite shape, for it may be doubted if the ticket nominated by the Populists is a finality. There may be changes in its personnel, and there may be a new "deal" between the Republicans and Populists. But come what may, let the Democrats stand by their ticket, avoiding all "entangling alliances," and they will carry North Carolina.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Potentially Printed.

— Mr. W. C. Crow leaves for New York city to-night.

— Mr. M. Roseman returned yesterday from a trip North.

— Capt. George A. Croom, of Savannah, is here on a visit.

— Col. J. S. Fairley, of Charleston, spent yesterday in Wilmington.

— Miss Carrie Wright is visiting Miss Mabel Powers at Ocean View.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Bunting left yesterday for the Virginia resorts.

— Mrs. A. B. Sandlin, who has been very sick, is reported much better

— Mr. G. P. Lamb, merchant of Wilson, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Master Arthur McDonald has been quite ill for several days with fever.

— Miss Purnell, of Raleigh, is visiting Miss Maggie Catlett at Wrightsville.

— Mr. Andrew Smith has returned from a visit to the western part of the State.

— Editor Stevens, of the Southport *Leader*, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mrs. Hilton who was hurt in a runaway accident on Wednesday, is rapidly improving.

— Mr. Harris Kinlaw, of the Rocky Mount *Phenix*, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. E. Weatherby, of Baltimore, representing Horsford's Baking Powder Co., is in the city.

— Mrs. N. B. Alexander, of Fayetteville, who has been visiting relatives in the city, has returned home.

— Mrs. J. W. Kramer and Mrs. W. McEvans returned yesterday from a visit to relatives at Southport.

— Dr. McDuffie, of Fayetteville, who has been quite sick, has recovered sufficiently to resume his practice.

— Mrs. T. H. Challenger, Mrs. Elizabeth Oldham, James Calhoun, Samuel Hammer, J. E. Challenger and Master Francis Challenger, of Philadelphia, were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. W. Taylor, who has been night superintendent of the Wilmington Oil Mills, will leave to-day for Charlotte, having been promoted to the position of superintendent of the cotton seed oil mills in that city.

— Messrs. R. B. Hestor, W. G. Williams, Rocky Mount., W. G. Shap, Elm City; J. B. Shobert, Southern Pines; N. A. McQueen, Red Springs; A. J. Galloway, Goldsboro; J. D. Moore, Gastonia; James Thomas, Wilson; W.J. Floud, Nashville; Z. Daughtridge, Rocky Mount, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

A Cosy Negro.

Quite a lively "fracas" took place early yesterday afternoon on Second street near Princess.

Complaint had been lodged before Justice R. H. Bunting that one Nathan Graham, colored, was *non compos mentis*, and Justice Bunting sent Deputy Sheriff Flynn in quest of Nathan. The deputy met Nathan and induced him to go as far as Second and Princess streets, when Nathan made up his mind that he had gone far enough. Deputy Flynn called upon four colored men who were standing by to help carry Nathan to jail, and then there ensued the fracas. Nathan tossed the men from him one after another, and then picking up a brick, started for Deputy Flynn, who drew his pistol. Justice Bunting arrived on the scene just about this time and induced Nathan to accompany him quietly to jail.

Nathan has been in the asylum for the insane two or three times, but for the last week has been hanging around the City Hall.

Reception Complimentary to Miss Blanche Rueckert.

A reception was given last night at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. Dudley Burkheimer, complimentary to Miss Blanche Rueckert, the "sweet solo singer" of Cardinal Gibbon's church at Baltimore, Md. A large number of friends and admirers were present, and the evening was spent in a most enjoyable and sociable manner. Music, both instrumental and vocal, was a delightful feature, and Miss Rueckert's selections were quite a rare treat. She will leave next week, after making many warm friends here. Sunday she will sing at the First Baptist church.

Exports Foreign.

The French barque *Rosa Eliane* cleared yesterday for London with 4,407 barrels rosin and 600 casks spirits turpentine; value $8,460. Vessel by Heide & Co., cargo by Murchison & Co.

Norwegian barque *Augusta* cleared yesterday for Newcastle, England, with 4,864 barrels rosin, value $6,740.83. Vessel and cargo by Paterson, Downing & Co.

To Play Wilmington.

The Newbern *Journal* says: "It is an assured fact that the Newbern base ball team will run an excursion train to Wilmington on the 28th of this month. The team will cross bats with the Wilmington team on that day. The fare will be very low for the round trip and efforts are being made to get a big crowd to go over on the excursion."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our 'Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

IN THE CITY COURT.

Investigation of the Case of Chas. Anderson, Charged with Robbery.

Mr. J. C. Cartrett, who resides on the corner of Walnut and Front streets, awoke Thursday morning and found himself twenty dollars out of pocket. Mr. Cartrett retired as usual Wednesday night, after seeing that the windows and doors of his residence were secure. He placed a sum of money under his pillow, and upon awakening Thursday morning found that a $20 bill had been taken. Suspicion soon fell upon one Chas. Anderson, a colored boy whom Mr. Cartrett had employed at his restaurant in the market house. Thursday afternoon, late, Anderson was arrested and yesterday at 12 m. he was arraigned before Mayor Harriss for trial.

Mr. Cartrett said his wife said that she saw Anderson standing in the door of his (Cartrett's) room about 1 o'clock in the morning, but thought it nothing strange, as she knew Anderson was employed by him. Mr. Cartrett also gave a description of the missing $20 bill.

Mr. Tim Robertson, who clerks in the store of Mr. J. D. Steljes, corner of Water and Mulberry streets, testified that Anderson bought a bottle of beer from him Thursday morning about 8 o'clock, giving a twenty dollar bill in payment.

Mr. Chas. Thompson, who clerks in the clothing store of Mr. Geo. Penny, corner of Front and Dock streets, testified that Anderson had bought a bill of goods from him to the amount of six dollars, and that he had also given him four dollars to keep for him; that he gave his name as Jim Baker.

M. McDonald testified that Anderson asked him to change a $20 bill for him early Thursday morning, showing him the bill.

Other witnesses swore that they saw Anderson with an unusual amount of money.

Anderson said that he was twenty-one years of age, and was from the up-country; that he did have a twenty dollar bill that a man had given to him for some work that he had done, but he was unable to give the man's name. He said that Wednesday night he stayed at a boarding house kept by Eliza Finch, colored, on South Water street, and that he could prove an alibi.

Mayor Harriss left the case open until to day at 12 o'clock, to enable Anderson to have his witnesses present. Upon the person of Anderson was found a 32-calibre pistol, which offence will be also investigated. His right arm bears a mark which looks as though it might be the brand of some foreign penitentiary, he having told Mr. Cartrett that he was from England. Anderson says the scar was made by his father.

FOOT BALL.

Preparations for the Approaching Season.

The Wilmington foot ball team is making preparations for the coming season. Manager Cutlar will have some of the best teams in the State to "do battle" with the home boys and it goes, without saying, the Old Gold and Purple will be flying at the mast-head at the call of time on the second half.

Last year, although laboring under many disadvantages, the Wilmington boys vanquished their foes and they have shown themselves to be worthy of the co-operation and support of the citizens in every respect. Too much credit cannot be given the team for the excellent showing they made last season, although much was due to the skillful training of Mr. Frederick Harper, formerly quarter-back of the University of Virginia team. Capt. McKoy will commence active practice about September 1st, and the people can expect to see some excellent games during the season. The following members of last year's team will be with the boys again this season, viz: King, Holland, Savage, Peschau, McKoy, Vick, Sinclair, Hatch, Forshee and Southerland, while many new men are candidates for positions. When picked, the team will, no doubt, be the strongest Wilmington ever put forth to battle for her in this great game, where both brawn and brain play an active part.

SOUND NOTES.

Snipe Shooting—The Kittie Cottage—Ocean View Beech—The Projected Hotel.

The "Kittie Cottage at Ocean View is now crowded. The boys report a big time.

A party of young gentlemen, consisting of O. A. Wiggins, Jr., E. Peschau and Wm. Lewis, are mareoning at Masonboro.

"Snipe" hunting is now a favorite pastime at Ocean View. Mayor Harriss got thirty yesterday.

A new life-line has been put up just below the Clarendon Club at Ocean View.

A visitor at Ocean View remarks: "It is without doubt the finest beach on the coast. With ample hotel facilities it would be the 'Coney Island' of the South." The necessity for a good hotel is becoming more and more apparent each day. It would pay a handsome dividend to its stockholders.

IS HILL FOR BRYAN?

Mr. Stanchfield Says He Will Work for the Chicago Ticket.

BUFFALO, N. Y., August 13.—The *Enquirer* to-day prints the following interview had with Hon. John B. Stanchfield at Fort Niagara yesterday:

"What position do you expect Senator Hill will take after the State Convention?" Mr. Stanchfield was asked.

"I am satisfied that he will come out for Bryan and Sewall and work for the election of the Democratic national ticket."

While Mr. Stanchfield did not say it in so many words, he intimated that Senator Hill would not only come out for the ticket, but that he would take the stump for Bryan and do all in his power to secure his election.

'How do you think New York State will go on national issues?"

"I am confident that Bryan will carry New York State. The sentiment in his favor is growing every day."

POPULIST CONVENTION.

ADJOURNED WITHOUT COMPLETING ITS STATE TCKET.

Vacancies Left to be Filled by the State Executive Committee—An Exciting Dispute Between Senator Butler and Chairman Harry Skinner—Butler Denounced as a Party-Wrecker.

[*Special Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 14.

After five hours' recess the Populist State Convention was called to order a few minutes before nine o'clock this morning by Chairman Skinner.

Nat. Macon, of Franklin, who spoke against Walser before adjournment this morning, was the first delegate to take the floor. Macon had undergone a complete metamorphosis during the night, and he came back this morning sounding Butler's praise and proclaiming for Walser.

J. W. Brown, of Granville, said that Walser was a Republican, and Populists could not expect him to declare himself on their platform. "I want to nominate Walser for Auditor as a Republican." [Loud cheers.]

L. C. Caldwell, of Statesville, stated that Senator Butler was unavoidably absent and that he regretted that he could not be present this morning to make the statement to you. "I make the motion, therefore, to lay the motion for the nomination of Mr. Walser for Attorney General on the table." The motion prevailed.

Mr. Caldwell made the motion that the offices of Attorney General and one Justice of the Supreme Court be left open until a more convenient time, when they should be filled by the Executive Committee.

Buck Kitchin was recognized. He said his suspicions of last night were confirmed, and it seemed evident that some of the bosses were trying to turn over the Populist party to the Republicans. "I protest against the scheme and I warn you not to vote for Walser," he said. "That gentleman stated in my presence this morning that he was a Republican. We can't afford to name him. If we are going to join the Radicals we should do openly."

Senator Butler appeared on the platform and he was tendered an ovation. He said: "I made a motion to adjourn last night on account of the statements of several gentlemen who had seen Mr. Walser since I had. Mr. Walser has requested me to withdraw his name from this convention because his political integrity has been questioned."

The previous question was raised and the motion of Mr. Caldwell to leave the nomination for Attorney General and one Justice of the Supreme Court open, was passed with a dozen or more dissenting votes. Harry Skinner said in putting the motion that it was in the line of right.

On motion of Walter Henry, Justice Walter Montgomery was renominated by acclamation for the Supreme Court.

Chairman Skinner declared the next order of business to be the election of two electors at large.

On motion of Otho Wilson, Nat. Garrett of Vance was nominated as an elector at large by acclamation.

There were calls for Caldwell and Henry. The massive form of the latter named gentleman appeared on the edge of the stage. "Mr. Caldwell and myself both have to decline the honor, and I nominate Mr. Morrison, of Catawba," he said. Mr. Morrison declined and so did Mr. Caldwell.

On motion of a delegate, the unfilled office of elector at large was left open, to be filled by the executive committee.

Mr. L. C. Caldwell, of Statesville, made a motion that the following gentlemen be elected members of the central committee as provided in the plan of organization, viz: A. S. Peace, S. Otho Wilson, J. B. Lloyd, W. K. Rigsford, John Graham and Hal. W. Ayer.

Otho Wilson made a motion that Senator Butler be made a member of the committee.

Hill King took the floor and sprung a sensation by putting in nomination six men who were in the most part antagonistic to Senator Butler. The committee as recommended by Mr. King, was composed of Cyrus Thompson, Harry Skinner, John Graham, C. O. White, O. S. Peace and J. Y. Hamrick. "These gentlemen are as true and good Populists as are in the State of North Carolina and I think they should be recognized," said Mr. King. "We owe it to this convention to recognize Col. Skinner and Mr. Thompson."

And here followed another intensely dramatic incident, so many of which have marked the proceedings of the convention. When Congressman Skinner took the floor, the hum of voices ceased and all eyes centered on the broad and open face of the presiding chairman.

Congressman Skinner started off by referring to Senator Butler as the boss of the convention. "What are we here for? Where are we at?" in the words of Tom Watson.

"By what reason has Maj. Gurthrie's name been left from that committee, I should like to know?" said Congressman Skinner, in a highly impassioned manner. "By what reason also has the name of Cy Thompson been left off; and last, by what right have I been left from the campaign committee?" echoed Mr. Skinner in a burst of eloquence. "It is because Senator Butler did not desire us. He did not want men of influence in the party to be an obstruction to his will."

"But you are going to elect that committee named by Mr. Caldwell. I know it. You are going to do it because it is his will—because he wants to retire men of influence in the party's counsel. I do not want the place. I have as much work as I can attend to."

[*Special Star Telegram*]

In his defence of the attacks on him by Congressman Skinner, Senator Butler said he had heard insinuations against his character which he would not suffer from any living man, had he not been trying to accomplish that which would give his party a victorious ticket. He said he would compare character with any man. Said he resolved when he was called single-handed and alone to fight the People's party battles to pay no attention to abuse and rotten eggs, but that charge made behind his back and inside his party hurt him. He said: "I hope the matter is over, but if it is not I will see it out."

Skinner replied to Butler, calling him a party-wrecker, and said: "His action has caused our party to be a harlot between the two old parties."

The six men nominated by Caldwell were elected to compose the campaign committee.

A resolution declaring that Populists would not vote for a fusion electoral ticket with the Democrats was not voted upon.

Cy Thompson was elected a member of the campaign committee in place of John Graham, who gave way to him.

A vote of thanks was tendered Butler as retiring chairman, and Hal. W. Ayer was elected chairman of the executive committee by the convention. Skinner tried to have the committee do it.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

The Populist State Convention reassembled at 9 o'clock this morning and was in session a little over an hour. There was great dispute at last night's session regarding the nomination of Attorney General, as Zeb Vance Walser, Senator Butler's choice for the position, is a McKinley man. Butler adjourned the convention until to-morrow (to-day) and then had this nomination referred to the State Committee, which is also to name one elector and one associate justice. There was an exciting dispute between Senator Butler and Representative Harry Skinner, permanent chairman, Skinner attacked the nominations of new central committee men, saying they were Butler's creatures. He said: "Do you propose to follow Butler blindly on all occasions? Of course you will do it. Butler wishes to retire every influential man. We must not be absolutely dominated by one man."

Butler replied in stinging style, saying he would not suffer such direct insinuations upon his integrity and was ready to compare characters and epithets with any man in the convention. He had determined, no matter if there were slurs, insinuations, abuse and rotten eggs, never to lose his head. He said Skinner had not spoken the truth in saying any committeemen were his creatures. "I end my work in this State now," he said. "I go to conduct the national campaign from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the Lakes to the Gulf."

Skinner, rising to a personal privilege, said: "If Butler meant to say, or dared to say, that I had told an untruth about anything we will have a quick day of meeting. I meant to say we were selecting a committee to do what Butler wants done. The time has come to inquire whether Butler is a safe leader. I tell you he is a party-wrecker. He made our party a harlot at St. Louis, and here in North Carolina we are a harlot, between two parties." Then Skinner suddenly and strongly moved to elect the committee by acclamation. It was done, and Hal. W. Ayer, editor of Butler's paper, was made chairman.

REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE.

Judge Russell and Senator Pritchard Present—Question of Filling Gaps in the Straight Republican Ticket Discussed—Populists Much Interested.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, August 14.—Chairman Holton, Senator Pritchard Judge Russell and other leading Republicans are in conference to-night. The question of filling the gaps in the Republican ticket at the meeting of the Executive Committee to-morrow is being discussed. Jude Russell favors filling the ticket with straight Republicans. Senator Pritchard thinks some of the Populists' nominees should be taken up, especially Thompson, for Secretary of State. Some members of the Executive Committee want all the vacancies filled with Populist nominees.

Populists here are much interested in the Republican's actions. The Populist committee will most likely endorse Walser for Attorney General and Holton for Justice of the Supreme Court.

Butler and the Populists are said to have promised Col. Dockery their support for the United States Senate, in return for his acceptance of the Lieutenant Governorship.

Buck Kitchin and a few others refuse to say whether they will support the Populist ticket. They say it depends on the executive committee's action.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—6 casks spirits turpentine, 8 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R R.—41 casks spirits turpentine, 151 bbls rosin, 39 bbls tar, 18 bbl crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—65 casks spirits turpentine, 26 bbls rosin, 1 bbl crude turpentine, 3 bbls tar.

W. N. A. N. R. R.—12 casks spirits turpentine. 2 bbls tar, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—60 casks spirits turpentine, 76 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 210 casks; rosin, 357 bbls; tar, 39 bbls; crude turpentine, 46 bbls, cotton 2 bales.

First Presbyterian Church.

Rev. Dr. J. Lowrie Wilson, of Abbeville, S. C., will preach at 11 o'clock Sunday morning. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered. No service at night. Dr. Wilson will preach at Immanuel Chapel at 8 p. m.

— A number of workmen are busily engaged on the five-story annex to the A. C. L. offices and a force is also hard at work re-arranging the tracks of the freight yard for better service and more room.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m by Rev. L. L. Nash, D. D., and 8.15 p m by the pastor. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Sunday school at 4.30 pm. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend the services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m by the pastor, and 8.15 p. m. by the Rev. L. L. Nash, D. D., of Fayetteville, N. C. Class meeting will be held at 2.30 p m. Sunday School at 4 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 15 p. m. Sabbath School at 4 p. m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.15 p m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. R. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.00.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Stockholder's Meeting

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE stockholders of the "Eastern Carolina Pisciculture Association" will be held at the office of J. D. Bellamy, Jr., in the City of Wilmington, August 20th, at 12 o'clock M., to complete the labor and duties of the annual meeting held August 4th, 1896.

F. H. STEDMAN,
aug 8 till 20 Sec'y and Treasurer.

For Rent,

That desirable Store No. 18 Market street, at present occupied by Sol. Bear & Co. Three stories and basement. Elevator. All modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to

aug 15 tf D. O'CONNOR.

The Smith Vaudeville Co.

will present their unique

VARIETY SHOW

—AT—

HILTON PARK

For one week, beginning August 17.
aug 14 1t

Prescriptions.

You have consulted a Physician; you think the best one. He has given you a Prescription. The question now arises, where shall it be prepared? Your Doctor did not designate. You want to take it where you will have no doubt as to purity of ingredients and accuracy in compounding. We have the

Confidence

of your Physician, why not yours? You and your prescription will both be treated exactly right at

JAMES D. NUTT,
Compounder of Prescriptions,
aug 9 tf Corner Front and Grace streets.

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,
J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say, Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutual benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is nece sary.

Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
Successors to H. C. Evans.
Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. v 9 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,
Arrow Ties,

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don't fail to see us before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.
aug 6 tf

20 Per Cent. Discount

FOR CASH ONLY

on all Ladies' and Gentlemen's

TAN.

Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.

No Old Stock,
But New Goods

that must be sold to make room for our Fall stock.

Canvass Leggins at 75c.
Light weight Jersey Leggins, Black and Tan, at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
jy 7 tf

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW YORK "WORLD"

One Cent.

NEW YORK "JOURNAL" ONE CENT.

—ALL—

Sunday Papers 5 Cents.

During the campaign we will furnish the "World" (including SUNDAY) 11 cents per week

"JOURNAL"

10 cents per week,

(INCLUDING SUNDAY.)

Parties out of town add 6 cents per week to above prices.

All the latest Literature, Pictorials, etc. New and standard Novels in paper 10 cents each.

Campaign Goods.

Badges, Buttons, Emblems, Mottoes, Flags, etc.

C. W. Yates & Co.,
aug 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Why Not

Take a free ride on the Street Cars to our Store during these hot days. We pay your car fare on all purchases of $2.00 and upwards.

Bargains in Every Department.

$1.50 and $2.00 Shirt Waists. Your choice 50 cents.
12½ and 15c Dimities and Figures 7c.
White Lawn 5, 8 and 10c.
35c White Lawn 19c.
Mason's Fruit Jars—quarts 69c; two quarts 59c dozen.
Best Toilet Paper 5c package.
200 yards Spool Cotton 1c Spool.
$1.25 and $1.50 Slippers.

69 Cents

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Pants,

1-4 Off the Price.

Beautiful Crayon Portrait given away when purchases amount to $10.00. Ask for Punch Cards.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,
Next Fourth Street Bridge.
'Phone 118. aug 2 tf

THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Best Beer In the World.

It Sells Itself On Its Merits.

Bartholomay's

ROCHESTER

BEER.

HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught.
my 13 tf

JUST IN

A car load heavy feed Oats, in lots to suit.

Wheat, Bran' Peas, Corn, Hay &c.

We carry a heavy stock of

Snuffs and Tobaccos,

and offer all the discounts and advantages allowed by the manufacturers. Get our prices before placing orders for

GROCERIES, BAGGING AND TIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
jy 14 D&W tf

SOUTHPORT AND CAROLINA BEACH

SCHEDULE.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	For South port.	For Carolina Beach.			
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
TUESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
WEDNESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	2 00	5 15
THURSDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	2 00	5 15
FRIDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	2 00	5 15
SATURDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	2 00	5 15
SUNDAY	.....	.....	10 00	2 30	.....

Schedule for return see Black Board at the Beach. Fare to Beach and return 25c. Fare on 5.15 to the Pier and return 15 cents.

ju 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1896

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.
FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your farms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."—From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina."—*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

CONSCIENCE IN POLITICS.

The man without a conscience either wasn't built right or he is sadly out of gear, and people who come into contact with him may expect to be worsted unless they keep both eyes wide open. As a general rule conscience does not play a very conspicuous part in politics, though that is no reason why it shouldn't, but it doesn't necessarily follow from this that the average American citizen does not recognize any moral responsibility for the part he plays in politics. He knows that when he is espousing one or the other side of a question, and voting for men to carry out certain policies, he is performing a very important office, and he justifies his action on the plea that the party for which he votes is in a general way better than the party against which he votes, and thus he eases any conscientious scruples he might have in voting for some measures that his judgment, or, as some might put it, his conscience may not approve.

The man who governs his political action by his conscience must command respect, but in order to do it he must be consistent and his conscience must not be too closely linked to his self interest, for in that case he is liable to be suspected of being influenced by a more potent power than conscience. We hear more of conscience these days than usually and what is remarkable is that it comes from men who have heretofore stood square up to the party rack and never discovered that they were handicapped by an over sensitive conscience until the majority of the party to which they were attached struck the financial question and pronounced for a policy of which they did not approve. We do not mean by this to say that these are either bad people or bad citizens, or that they did anything disreputable or culpable in their political affiliations, but it is somewhat remarkable that their conscience had never got into the habit of asserting itself until it ran up against free silver at 16 to 1. Unfortunately for their peace of mind they are not equipped with a 16 to 1 conscience, although their fathers managed to worry along with it for eighty odd years, lived respected, enjoyed the reputation of being patriots, died honored, and left behind them memories that are cherished.

But assuming that it is really conscience and not something less creditable that stands between the man who calls himself a Democrat and the free coinage of silver, and that listening to the promptings of this conscience this man who calls himself a Democrat declares that he must part company with the good fellows he had been acting with for years and cast his vote for the Republican national ticket, it occurs to us that there are two sides to this question and that conscience ought to have a fair show and not be required to do either an inconsistent nor a ludicrous thing. If party platforms were so arranged and subdivided that the conscientious voter could choose what he approved, vote for that and reject the rest it would be a very nice arrangement for the scrupulous conscience, but unfortunately party platforms are not built that way and conscience hasn't any choice in the matter if it votes at all, for it must take the thing as a whole, gulp it down, blink its eyes and swallow the bad with the good, the bitter with the sweet.

If the conscience swayed gold Democrat who declares that he will vote for McKinley because he can't endorse Bryan, could cull McKinley's platform, single out the money plank which he likes and vote on that alone, he and his conscience might not meet with so much embarrassment, and might act with more consistency, but when to show his disapproval of that horrid 16 to 1, he requires his conscience to dodge while he votes for measures which he had been denouncing as the culmination of iniquity in politics, he treats his conscience with contempt and puts himself in an attitude that is very far from being consistent or creditable. When he votes for McKinley he practically, however much he may protest to the contrary, votes to undo the good that his votes may have done in the past, and endorses all that he had by his votes denounced in the past when his conscience was as fully grown as it is now. Think of a Southern Democrat with a fully developed conscience, in the year 1896, and with thirty odd years' experience with and knowledge of the Republican party, voting for (not a man but) a party whose record bristles with legislation and acts infamous enough to damn a score of parties, a record which embraces acts which for a time turned the South into a political hell and which if they had become the established order would have made it a perpetual hell. Reconstruction, force bills, civil and social equality, military domination to set aside the ballot in time of peace and put thieves and libertines into power over the ballots and protests of the people, exorbitant sectional tariff legislation that plundered the many for the benefit of the few, trusts, monopolies, combines, bounties, land-grabs, and a score of other villainous things we might mention, are the things that the Southern Democrat who hasn't a 16 to 1 conscience must swallow and endorse, and ease up his conscience on when he stultifies himself by voting for McKinley in preference to the man whom millions of as good, patriotic and conscientious citizens as breathe are cordially and enthusiastically supporting.

These conscious-professing Democrats ought to give their conscience a fair showing, and not make it ashamed of itself.

BUTLER'S DEAL.

The proceedings of the Populist Convention at Raleigh Wednesday were doubtless a serious disappointment to Candidate Russell and his adherents, who had been hoping to the last that some combination might be made by which he would secure the support of the Populists for Governor; but when they went so far as to fuse with the Republicans and to select as the object of their special attention and favor the most formidible, outspoken and implacable enemy that Russell has among the Republicans of the State it not only blasted his hopes but was a deliberate and cool-blooded slap in the face. Butler and Russell will not sleep in the same bunk, nor sop out of the same dish any more. We have heard a good deal about the "machine" in politics and "one-man" power, but if this wasn't exemplified in the way that Marion Butler ran that convention against the protests of Harry Skinner, Cy Thompson and others it would be useless to look for it any where else, for Butler's dictation was practically the law of the convention, and while the few who resented his dictation kicked and howled he smiled, talked softly, and played his game his own way. As far as the outcome goes it is as good as the Democrats could expect, for in a triangular fight we can carry the State and also carry with us a good many of the Populists who are opposed to fusion and chafe under the one-man dictation. As the situation presents itself now, if they let it rest at that, the odds are decidedly with us, but there may be other deals that may somewhat change the situation, complicate matters and give us something more to do than the present outlook promises. We have the satisfaction, however, of knowing that the Democrats of the State are closer together and more enthusiastic than they have been for some time, while their opponents, notwithstanding their efforts to get together, are further apart.

MINOR MENTION.

Candidate Guthrie, whom the Populist Convention nominated for Governor, is or was an attorney of the Southern Railroad Company. This was one of the reasons urged against his nomination. Holding such a position should not disqualify a man from holding a political office, and therefore we do not think that was a good objection to Mr. Guthrie. But could it be that Mr. Guthrie was instrumental in having incorporated into the platform adopted that very remarkable clause calling for legislation "forbidding charters to lines of railway competing with the present main lines?" This is a very remarkable demand coming from the convention of a party which has been vigorously fighting the railroads on the ground of extortion and demanding that they be taken possession of and operated by the Government, so that the people might have service at actual cost. Isn't competition by railroads a safe-guard and a check on monopoly and the extortion complained of, as it would be in anything else? Two competing lines of railroad might not be better for the stockholders than one, but they certainly would be for the people who have business with them, for one would be a check upon the other, and therefore we can't understand why this convention, professing to be opposed to monopolies, and to be the special champion of the producing classes, should declare against competition with the main lines already established. Mr. Guthrie is, or was for some years, counsel of the Southern Railroad. It will be remembered that efforts have been made for some time to charter a railway from Goldsboro to Charlotte, which would parallel the North Carolina Railway, which is leased by the Southern Company, and which would be a dangerous competitor, if built. Was this the power behind the throne that inspired that clause? It was evidently the work of some agent who was not representing the people, whom this convention professed to represent, and therefore we say that it is a remarkable utterance as coming from such a source. It needs explanation and a good deal of it.

* * *

The Northern gold organs and McKinley organs (practically the same) are disappointed in the address delivered by Candidate Bryan at Madison Square Garden, in New York. They hoped that he would go there, deliver one of his impassioned orations and in the ardor of his eloquence utter something that would give them a text for misrepresentation and abuse, but in this they were disappointed, for the address was written and read, and candor compels them to admit that it is a calm, dispassionate, lucid and able statement and defence of the contention of the party which he represents, what some call, who do not admit his conclusions, an able and ingenious argument or series of arguments. This is as much as could be expected from his opponents, who of course could not admit his conclusions without surrendering their case. It is more than Mr. Bryan or his friends could have expected, for they naturally looked for the same style of misrepresentation with which these organs have been treating Mr. Bryan ever since he was nominated.

TWINKLINGS.

— He—"If we were not in a canoe I wou'd kiss you."

She—"Take me ashore instantly, sir."—*Pick Me-Up.*

— He—"How fearfully and wonderfully we are made. Think even of my arms, what a mystery they are!"

She—"Yes, but it's nice to be enveloped in mystery."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "Of course," he said, "ef Sairy's mind is sot, we'll have to git her a bicycle, but durn me—" He paused and scowled angrily. "—ef I see the use of payin' a hundred dollars jest fer an excuse fer wearin' pants."—*Chicago Post.*

— Cooney Cohen—"Mein sohn, why did you guarantee dot overcoad to last Mr. Nixy as long as he lives?"

Young Cohen—"Fader, he has heart disease—he dies any minute!"—*Harlem Life.*

— E.—You say you saw everything in Rome in three days? That's impossible!

F.—But you must remember that there were three of us. My wife took all the churches, I visited the picture-galleries and my son went for the restaurants and cafes. Then we met in the evening and swapped experiences.—*Tit-Bits.*

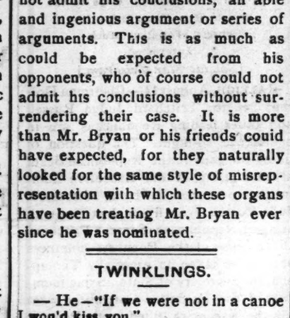
— "What's that?" asked Derringer Dan, as he paused in astonishment to listen to the efforts of the parlor quartet.

"That's something taken from Wagner. What do you think of it?"

"Well," was the carefully considered reply, "whatever it is, Wagner seems to be givin' it up mighty hard."—*Washington Star.*

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."



A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 6th, 1895, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nerve troubles should try it. It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to thousands." A. C. LEHMAN,

Editor and proprietor of DER LANDSMAN.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded. Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS, CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change.

June 15 1y su tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Rockingham *Rocket*: The cotton crop has been materially injured, and now, under the most favorable circumstances, we can scarcely hope to realize over two-thirds of an average crop, probably not so much.

— Durham *Herald*: News comes from Oxford that Roy Hobgood, a popular and promising young man of Oxford, while out shooting bats in the suburbs of that Wednesday evening about 6.30 o'clock, had his gun to go off accidentally, lodging the entire load in his face and head, and killing him instantly. Young Hobgood was the son of Professor F. P. Hobgood, the well known president of the Oxford Female Seminary.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mr. W. A. Williams died at the home of his father, Mr. J. B. Williams, near Rockingham, on August 1st, 1896, after a three weeks illness of typhoid fever. Mr. Williams was born and reared in this county, and moved to Richmond county a few years ago. He was thirty years old. —— The vote in the Democratic primary was larger than it was two years ago. Democracy in Union county is not dead, but is alive and awake. The rank and file are determined on victory this year.

—Charlotte *Observer:* Jno. Fletcher and Cal Billings, colored, were at work on the Monroe road Tuesday afternoon near Mr. C. N. Brown's place. They got into a dispute, which soon became a battle with shovels. Billings struck Fletcher a terrible blow with his shovel in the face, cutting his nose off. Billings then fled, but was captured and brought here Tuesday night at 11 o'clock and put in jail. Fletcher, with his nose dangling from his face by a small piece of skin, was attended by Dr. Hunter. The olfactory member was sewed on, and Dr. Hunter thinks it will grow back. The negro suffers greatly.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Secretary Hoke Smith at least has the satisfaction of knowing that he is in sole control of the steering apparatus of his own mind.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The report that McKinley is to take the stump and talk tariff would be more gratifying if it were more probably true. But how can he talk tariff at all without telling how much higher he wants to put duties that are already 50 per cent. higher than the average of the Republican war tariff of 1864?—*New York World, Dem.*

—— There is a large amount of Canadian silver circulating in the United States, chiefly silver dimes, and as the Canadians have begun to discredit our silver and silver certificates, we should refuse to accept their coin and notes, and send them hurrying home. We ask no odds of England nor of any of her dependencies; just as we intend to restore silver coinage in spite of her American agents in this country who "can't abide silver or anything low."—*Norfolk Pilot, Prohibition.*

——The gold ralders and hoarders appear to be resuming operations, notwithstanding the efforts of the New York banks to stop them. Last week's losses in the Treasury's gold reserve amounted to nearly $3,000,000—all for domestic hoarding and shipment to Canada. Pointing in the same direction is an extensive hoarding of legal tenders for use in a possible emergency. The patriotic bankers had a string to this gold in the Treasury. Bryan will put a stop to that business.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

In Buying Silverware, Avoid Confusion

with Britannia, or so-called white metal plated with silver, and often advertised at dry goods stores, where GORHAM Silver, the standard of Sterling quality, is never found.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.

Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.

Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.

Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.

Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

What you want when you are ailing is a medicine that will cure you. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and be convinced of its merit. †

Humors of Examinations.

In dealing with immature minds, one should be careful to say what he means. A little boy in the course of his reading lesson came to the word "widow" and called it "window," a word more familiar to him. The teacher, who was acting as examiner, corrected the blunder, and then, wishing to improve the occasion, put the question, "What is the difference between 'widow' and 'window?'" The boy's answer began, "You can see through a window, but"— and then stopped. The amusement plainly visible on the teacher's face prevented this miniature Sam Weller from completing the contrast.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Friendship hath the skill and observation of the best physician, the diligence and vigilance of the best nurse, and the tenderness and patience of the best mother.—Lord Clarendon.

Jewelers in New South Wales receive $22.80 a week, in Switzerland $6.35, in Germany $5.21 and in France $6.24.

A SHY DANCER.

Stories Told by Westerners of the Antics of the Sand Hill Crane.

The sand hill crane is a very bright bird. A Recreation writer says that its very name is synonymous of vigilance and alertness. It feeds on the treeless plains or in the barren wheat stubble, where it can see a long way beyond gunshot, or one of a flock is posted as sentinel, and this bird stands with bill half open, ready to give an alarm. It can be killed by decoying it with pasteboard figures cut to proper size and shape and painted, but mounted birds are better. A pit is dug deep enough to conceal a man, the decoys are put out, and the cranes are shot as they come over. The best region to shoot them is in the Columbia river watershed and south of it in the Pacific coast states.

When one shoots a bird of the size and build of a crane in midair, it collapses, like a card house or a tent. But such apparent collapses are sometimes deceptive, as, for instance:

"Before I could reach him he soared off into the air with wheeling flight. Again he hit the ground with fearful violence, but again he got on his feet. Running up, thinking to get him alive for a decoy, I tried to tap him on the head and stun him. He showed fight, and I used my gun as I backed off, and he took to his wings."

The sand hill crane is something of a fighter of men if wounded, and the only safe crane is a dead one. Their bills are long and sharp and are capable of putting out a man's eye.

The sand hill crane has some curious habits that make him of more than passing interest to the student of birds. Out on the prairies parties of them have balls in the spring, to which the select birds seem to be invited. These balls are picturesque affairs from the human standpoint. There are curious dances, which are sort of solitary waltzes or pretty slow jigs. Sometimes the birds lean over one another's backs and flap their wings, giving their peculiar cry. Sometimes rival birds have fierce duels, using their keen bills like lances, battleaxes and swords.

Lady Blessington.

"The most gorgeous Lady Blessington," as she was christened by her very old admirer, Dr. Parr, has long since passed into the regions of oblivion for the general world. As an authoress she never succeeded in making any mark, though she worked at the business as hard as any of her successors of the present day. Her novels were many and fashionable, Mrs. Gore like in their method and filled with strange and wandering scraps of French. She edited books of beauty for fancy clients and at fancy prices, and when The News was first started under the editorship of Charles Dickens she was offered an engagement as a purveyor of fashionable intelligence and asked £800 a year for it. She was offered either £400 as a certainty, or £250 for six months on approval, and confidently chose the latter, with the melancholy result at the end of the term—Dickens having in the meantime retired from his uncongenial work, and John Forster having accepted his post ad interim—she was informed that her services were no longer wanted.

She fought for her hand hard enough in later days, poor lady, after years of "Arabian Nights'" luxury with her magnificent husband, but we fear that her position in the literary world was not at any time one of solid security. Privately she lived under a cloud from the scandal which always connected her name with Count d'Orsay, and, we suppose, not without reason. At all events, they never appear to have taken any steps to defend themselves against the charges of papers like The Age, which anticipated a similar class of journals that sprang up in our own day, and rather suffered judgment by default.—London Spectator.

Magnetised Corset Steels.

"Every day something new is found about electricity and its effects," said Mr. Fay of the Southern Pacific. "Do you know that nine-tenths of the umbrellas that men carry nowadays are magnetized? Well, they are, and all that is necessary to prove this is to apply the point of your knife or, better still, a small pen point against the steel rib. The attraction is very perceptible, and it is caused by the carrying of the article inside of the electric cars. The umbrella is rested upon the floor near the motors, and the proximity of the metal causes a certain quantity of the fluid to find a permanent lodgment in the ribs.

"Carrying out the idea, it is very likely that the corset steels of the ladies are similarly affected. Think what the consequences would be if a young man with steel cuff buttons should hug a girl with magnetised corset steels!"—New Orleans Times Democrat.

Vegetable Properties.

It may be well to mention that an eminent physician who has been investigating the properties of the different vegetables announces that a diet of carrots ameliorates harshness of character and reduces nervous irritability. Peas create fatty tissue and encourage joyousness, while turnips have just the opposite effect. Celery taken in excess causes eye trouble, while cabbage is beneficial in pulmonary ailments, and lettuce aids as a sedative owing to the opium contained in its milky juice, which keeps the skin clear and fresh. Red beets are blood producing and will add plumpness to the thinnest form, providing they are boiled tender.—New York Journal.

Liberty, Equality and Fraternity.

Liberty is of no value in itself, but is valuable only as a means to equality, and equality that did not eventuate in fraternity would perish. Equality will enlarge itself to the bonds of humanity as fast as people learn that in likeness there is the only rest and comfort and pleasure that men can know, and fraternity will come as a result of the same conviction.—W. D. Howells in Century.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Gloom

Of ill health, despondency and despair, gives way to the sunshine of hope, happiness and health, upon taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it gives renewed life and vitality to the blood, and through nerve strength, vigor and energy to the whole body. Read this letter: "Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me wonderfully, changed sickness to health, gloom to sunshine. No pen can describe what I suffered. I was deathly sick, had sick headaches every few days and those terrible tired, despondent feelings, with heart troubles so that I could not go up and down stairs without clasping my hand over my heart and resting. In fact, it would almost take my breath away. I suffered so I did not care to live, yet I had much to live for. There is no pleasure in life if deprived of health, for life becomes a burden. Hood's Sarsaparilla does far more than advertised. After taking one bottle, it is sufficient to recommend itself." MRS. J. E. SMITH, Beloit, Iowa.

Sunshine

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, headache. 25 cents.

PREFERRED PICK LEAF.

FARMER—Uncle Rufus, if you cut that wood I'll give you a nice turkey for your Sunday dinner.

UNCLE RUFUS—Thanks, Mass, but I'd rather hab Pick Leaf; I kin git all the foul I want.

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book good with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

Lyon & Co. Tobacco Works, Durham, N. C.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: Farmers of this section only count on a half crop this year.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no besitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WEBSTER SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	6	@	7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	4	@	4¾
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	4½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BRESLAX ₩ lb	22	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ lb	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
₩ Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	1 20
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguira	20	@	
Rio	13	@	17
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard		@	4¾
Yarns ₩ bunch		@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	7	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	31 00
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00	@	8 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 35
Straight	4 1-	@	4 50
Patent	4 45	@	4 47
GLUE—₩ lb—	7½@		
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bag—White	45	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	48½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	33½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M fee—			
Ship Stuff sawed	18 00	@	30 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	23
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 25	@	2 64
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City mess		@	8 00
Rump		@	7 50
Prime		@	7 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 120 lb Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 24inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grann'd		@	4¾
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex C		@	4¼
Ext C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C Y-ll w		@	3
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M foot—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 53
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY ₩ gallon—North'n	1 10	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	12	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 39¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 21¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 89½ per bbl for Strained and $1 87½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1 20, Yellow Dip 1 65, Virgin 1 65 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 35¼@34¾c; rosin, strained, $1 15; good strained $1 20; tar $1 35; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 60, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	310
Rosin	357
Tar	39
Crude Turpentine	46

Receipts same day last year—171 casks spirits turpentine, 588 bbls rosin, 149 bbls tar, 195 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7⅝c for middling.

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—9 bales; same day last year 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN.—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 10c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2 25; six inch, $2.50 to 3 50, seven inch; $5.50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended Aug. 14, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
6	1,331	3,939	709	312

RECEIPTS.

For week ended Aug. 15, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
6	1,059	6,966	1,471	581

EXPORTS.

For week ended Aug. 14, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,139	1,193	536	1,198	131
Foreign	0.0	600	9,171	000	000
	1,139	1,793	9,707	1,198	131

EXPORTS.

For week ended Aug. 15, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	59	880	3 4	892	416
Foreign	00	000	000	000	000
	59	880	334	892	416

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, August 14, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	2,036	71	2,097
Spirits	1,365	935	2,300
Rosin	25,379	25	25,404
Tar	6,156	00	6,156
Crude	538	00	538

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, August 16, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
2,639	4,545	23,260	1,869	1,188

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 14—Evening.—Money on call firmer at 3½@7 per cent; last loan at 4, closing offered at at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange was weak; actual business in bankers bills at 486¼@486¾ for sixty days and 487¼@487½ for demand. Commercial bills 485¾@485¾. Government bonds were higher; United States coupon fours 116, United States twos 93. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 95, North Carolina sixes 110. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling uplands 8 3-16c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady: August 7 73, September 7 53, October 7 60, November 7 57, December 7 62, January 7 65, February 7 69, March 7 74, April 7 78. Sales 226,800 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 146 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France — bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 4 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 67,743 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts — bales; gross 3,001 bales; exports to Great Britain 6 548 bales; to France 50 bales; to the Continent 4,854 bales; forwarded 88 bales; sales 5 533 bales; sales to spinners 314 bales.

Total to day—Net receipts 3,408 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France 4 bales; to the Continent 986 bales; stock 133,886 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 15,763 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,246 bales; to France 1,254 bales; to the Continent 5,840 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,180,275 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,953,733 bales; exports to France 464,564 bales; exports to the Continent 1 748,804 bales.

Flour was quiet and unchanged; Southern flour quiet and steady; common to fair extra $3 00@3 60; good to choice $3 60@3 90. Wheat—spot dull and easier; options were less active and irregular, closing weak at ¼c decline; No. 2 red August 61⅞c; September 63c; October 63c; November —c; December —c; May —c. Corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 38½c at elevator and 39½c afloat; options were dull and weak at ¼@½c decline; August 38½c; September 38¾c; October 29½c; December 30¾c; May —c. Oats—spot moderately active and firmer; options dull and firmer; August 21c; September 20⅞c; October 20⅞ spot—No. 2 21¼c; mixed Western 21@28c. Hay quiet and steady; shipping 63¾@65c; good to choice 90@95c. Lard quiet, firmer; Western steam $3 65 bid; city $3 25; September $3 55, refined lard weak; continent $4 15; South America $4 60; compound $3 87½@4 12½. Pork quiet and steady; old mess $8 00@8 25; new $8 00@8 75. Butter was firmer and the demand fair; State dairy 10@15c; do. creamery 11¾@16c; Western dairy 9@13c; do creamery —c; Elgins —. Eggs steady and quiet; State and Pennsylvania 13@13½c; Western fresh 11@12c; do. per case $3 00@3 50. Cotton seed oil steady and quiet; crude 19@30; yellow 23½@33c. Rice steady quiet; domestic, fair to extra 3@4

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125 Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is
Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.

CASTORIA

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S
COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

41y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Are no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

a 25D&W 1y till July 28 sa tu th

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

The Morning Star.

SUDDEN LIGHT.

I have been here before,
But when or how I cannot tell.
I know the grass beyond the door,
The sweet keen smell,
The sighing sound, the lights around the shore.

You have been mine before—
How long ago I may not know,
But just when at that swallow's soar
Your neck turned so,
Some veil did fall—I knew it all of yore.

Has this been thus before?
And shall not thus time's eddying flight
Still with our lives our loves restore
In death's despite
And day and night yield one delight once more?

—Dante Gabriel Rossetti.

ON A BATTLEFIELD.

I remember our running through the wood, and how our cannon balls whistled as they tore down the branches of the hawthorn bushes as we broke through them. Beyond the border of the forest we could see something red flashing here and there. Sidoroff, a young soldier from the First battalion, suddenly fell to the ground, and silently looked at me with big, frightened eyes. From his mouth poured a wave of blood. Yes, I remember it very well.

I also remember the Turk I noticed when we reached the clearing. He was tall and stout, and I was short and thin. I ran straight toward him. Something snapped. Something huge, as it seemed to me, flew past me. I heard it whistle. "He has shot at me," I thought. But he, with a wail of pain, leaned against the hawthorn bush. With a blow I knocked the musket out of his hands. With another I thrust his bayonet far away. I heard him moan, and then I rushed on.

Our men cried, "Hurrah!" Some fell. Some gave fire. When I had left the wood, I also fired several times right on the plain. Suddenly the "Hurrah!" grew louder, and we all rushed on—that is, not we, but our men, for I remained. This seemed strange to me, and, yet more strange, that everything had disappeared and the noise had stopped. I heard nothing, but I saw a bit of blue color before me, very likely the sky. After awhile this also had vanished.

I was never in such a funny state before. I am lying, it seems, on my stomach, and I see before me a bit of ground. A few grasses, little broken pieces of last year's herbs and some ants crawling over them—this is all my world. And all this I see with but one eye; the other is closed with something hard—perhaps a branch on which my head rests. I feel very uncomfortable, and I want to move, but I do not understand why I am not able to. Time passes. I hear the noise of the grasshopper, the buzzing of the bee. At last I made an effort to free my right hand from under my body, and leaning with both hands on the ground I try to stand on my knees. Something sharp and quick as lightning passes through my body, and once more I fall. Once more darkness and nothingness.

I awake. How is it that I now see the stars shining brightly on the dark blue Bulgarian sky? Am I not in my tent? Why am I not there? I try to move, but I feel a torturing pain in my leg. Yes, I have been wounded in the battle. Dangerously? I touch my leg where I feel the pain. Both legs are covered with blood. When I touch them, the pain grows stronger. There is a noise in my ears, and my head is heavy. In a confused way I understand that I am hurt in both legs.

How did it happen? Why did they not pick me up? Is it possible that the Turks have beaten us? I try to remember what has happened to me, first in a confused manner and afterward more clearly. I remember now that we were not beaten at all but that we began to run and that I had to drop down on the plain near the hill. Our commander had pointed to the plain. "Boys, we shall be there," he had called out. And we were there; that proves that we are not beaten. But why did they leave me? This is an open place where they could have seen me. They fired so often very likely I am not alone. I must turn my head and see. I can do so easily as this time I had fallen on my back—this accounts for my seeing the stars instead of the ground.

I raise myself into a sitting position, but this is hard work, when both legs are wounded. Several times I have to rest, and the pain brings tears into my eyes. At last I sit up. Above me are the dark blue sky and the twinkling stars; around me seems something dark and high. My hair stands on end. I have fallen into the bushes, and they have not found me. But how did I get here, when they shot at me on the plain? Very likely, driven by pain, I had rushed on. Strange! Now I am not able to move, and then I could run so far.

The big stars have grown paler and the little ones have disappeared; the moon is rising. How good to be at home! I hear strange sounds. It seems that, after all, there is somebody. Yes, that was a groan. Is there somebody near me, also forgotten, with wounded legs or a ball in his stomach? No, the groans are too near, for there is nobody so close to me. Good heavens, it is myself! Slow, plaintive groans! Am I really so sick? Very likely. But I hardly realize the pain, because there is a mist in my head, it feels like lead. I had better lie down and sleep. Sleep? Shall I ever wake up? I hardly care.

Suddenly a broad streak of moonlight illuminates the place where I am about to lie down, and I see something dark and big lying at a few steps from me. Something on it glistens in the light of the moon. I recognize a brass button. Very likely a dead body or a wounded man. All the same to me, I lie down.

No, it cannot be! Our men have not left the field. They have beaten the Turks and have remained in this position. But why do I not hear the sound of voices or the crackling of fire? But then I am so weak that I am not able to strain my ears. Surely they are here.

"Help, help!" I call out.

Wild, hoarse sounds burst from my chest. They remain unanswered. All is silent around me. The moon has a mournful expression on her round face. I remember the bright buttons. "If he were alive, he would have heard my call. He is dead. Is he ours or a Turk? Oh, God, if it were not, all the same!" And sleep closes my weary eyes.

I am lying with shut eyes, although I awoke long ago. Through the thick branches of the hawthorn I feel the heat of the sun, and I do not care to open them. It is better not to move at all. Yesterday—was it yesterday?—I was wounded. One day has passed, others will pass, and I shall die. How good it would be not to think, but this is impossible. Thoughts and remembrances come to my mind and besides it will soon be over. They will publish that our losses were of no consequence. "Wounded, so many; killed, Ivanoff, a private from the volunteers." Perhaps they will not put the name. Simply, "Killed, one." A private! As if they would say "a dog."

It was long ago. All my life—that is, the life when I was not lying here—seems so long ago. I walked in the street, where I saw a crowd of people looking at something white, covered with blood. It was a pretty little dog, which had been killed by the tramway. A man came and carried it away.

Will they carry me away too? Or shall I remain here to die? How sweet life seems to me! When I saw the little dog that day, I had felt happy. Remembrance, why do you torture me? The past happiness; the present misery. Homesickness, thou art worse than all the wounds!

It is growing warm, the sun is burning. I open my eyes and I see the same bushes, the same sky, but in broad day light. And there is my neighbor. Yes, it is a dead Turk. What a giant! I remember him; he is the same I killed. Why did I kill him? Why did he come here? Who is he? Like myself, he may have an old mother looking out for him. And I? And I also. Yes, I should like to change with him. He does not hear; he does not feel the pain in his wounds, anguish or thirst. The bayonet pierced his heart right through.

There is a great black hole in his uniform. This was done by me. I did not want to do it. I did not wish to harm anybody when I went to the war. I did not expect to kill people. I had thought more of exposing my own breast to the enemy's bails. And then? Fool, fool! And this wretched fellah (he wears the Egyptian uniform), his fault it was still less. He had never heard of Russia or Bulgaria. He was told to go, and he went. We attacked, he defended himself. Where is his fault, and why did I kill him? Why does thirst torture me? Who knows what that means? Even when we marched through Roumelia, under a glaring tropical sun, I did not feel the thirst as I feel it now. Oh, if some one would but come!

Good heavens! In his great flask there may still be some water, but how to reach it? It will cost me agonies, but I must try. I begin to crawl. My feet drag. My weakened hands are hardly able to move the lifeless body. There are but a few steps to the dead body, but for me the distance seems endless. I must. My throat is parched and burns like fire. I should die soon without water, but I go on. Every movement is agony. I scream—I scream with sobs. At last I reach the flask. There is water enough to last me until I die. He whom I have killed saves me now. I try to open the flask, but the effort is too great. I lose balance and fall right on the body of the dead Turk. I could smell the odor of decay. I took a long draft. The water was warm, but fresh, and would last me several days. I had read somewhere that a man could live a week without food if he had water. What if I lived several days longer? Our men are gone, the Bulgarians dispersed. There are no roads. Die I must, but instead of three days' suffering I shall suffer a week. Perhaps it would be better to end directly. Near my neighbor lies his gun. I have but to stretch out my arm. One moment and all is finished. Shall I do it, or shall I wait? Deliverance or death? No, I shall have courage. I shall struggle on to the last. If they find me, I am saved. Perhaps my bones are not touched, and then they will cure me. I shall once more see my home, mother and Mary.

O Lord, never let them know the truth! Let them think that I was killed at once.

I am beginning to feel dizzy. My visit to my neighbor has entirely exhausted me. He is growing black and beginning to decay. What will become of him later? I can hardly bear the odor, and I am not able to move. The sun scorches my face and my hands. Nothing to cover me. If night would but come! This will be the second, I think.

My thoughts are growing confused.

I must have slept long, for when I awoke it was night. My condition is the same. My wounds hurt. My neighbor, huge and lifeless, is still there.

I cannot help thinking of him. Is it possible that I have left all that is dear and precious to me, that I have come thousands of versts, have starved and frozen and been tormented by heat and thirst and am now lying here in agony only in order to kill this miserable Turk? Did I accomplish anything else besides this murder?

Murder—murderer! And who? I!

When I longed to join the army, my mother and sister did not keep me back, although they grieved deeply. I was sorry for them, but, blinded, I refused to see their tears. I did not understand how much I hurt them. Now I do.

If I could but bring back the past! How strange my conduct seemed to our friends.

"Madman, you do not know what you are doing!" they had said. How could they talk like this when our country was in question? Where was the love and patrotism they were constantly extolling? When I aimed at all these lauded virtues, why did they call me madman? I went with thousands of others, some of them like myself, as volunteers. A sharp morning wind stirring the bushes reminds me that this is my third day of suffering. The third! How many more? I am too weak to move away from the dead body. We shall soon be equals. I am thirsty. I shall drink three times a day, morning, noon and night.

The sun has risen. Its great circle, crossed and divided by the boughs of the hawthorn, is red as blood. It will surely be warm today. My neighbor—what will become of him? He is terrible now. His hair is beginning to fall off; his dark, Egyptian skin has become yellow; his face has swollen to such an extent that it has burst on one side, and the worms are covering it. What will the sun do with him today? To lie near him is impossible. I must move farther, however I shall have to suffer for it. But how? I am able to extend my hand and open the flask, but to move my heavy, immovable body! I must, if it should take me hours to make a step.

The whole morning passes in the effort. The pain is terrible, but what is that to me? I have forgotten how it is to feel well. I have succeeded in reaching the old place, but even here I have the terrible odor of the decaying body, carried to and fro by the wind. It makes me sick. My empty stomach is shrinking. I am beginning to feel spasms. My whole interior turns with the terrible odor, which does not leave me for a moment! I have reached despair, and I weep—weep like an infant. Exhausted, all torn by the thorns of the bush, I feel almost unconscious.

Suddenly—is this a mistake—I hear talking and the stamping of hoofs. I was going to scream, but refrained. If these should be the Turks! Then, to my own suffering, others still greater would be added. I have heard and read how the Turks tear off the skin and burn the wounds. Nothing worse than brutish men! Will it be better to end life in the hands of the Turks or here? But if they should be our men? Oh, these bushes! Why are they so thick? I can hardly see through them! There is one little place like a window which enables me to see in the distance. There seems to be the little brook where we quenched our thirst in the battle, and there is the big stone which was our bridge across the brook. They will surely come this way!

My hearing has grown so weak that I cannot distinguish the language which they talk. Lord! if they should be ours! I shall call out! They will hear me from the brook. Why does it take them so long? Impatience tortures me. I do not even notice the odor, although it is increasing, and suddenly Cossacks appear on the other side of the brook. The blue coats, with red stripes on the trousers, the lances, a whole battalion! In front, on a beautiful horse, the dark officer. As soon as they had reached the brook he suddenly commanded:

"Turn—march!"

"For heaven's sake, stop! Help! Help!" I scream, but the stamping of the hoofs and the general noise drown my rattling cries, and I am not heard. Oh, God! In my helplessness I fall with my face to the ground and I sob. From the overturned flask flows the water—my life, my salvation from death. After this I lost consciousness, and must have lain for many hours in this state, till at last a gust of wind blowing the terrible odor over me brought me to my senses. I looked at my neighbor. He had changed beyond expression. The first look at him nearly frightened me to death. The flesh had dropped off his face, and, although I had often touched a skull, I had never yet seen anything that might have been compared to that awful, hideous, bony smile. I began to shiver when I looked at the skeleton in the uniform with the bright buttons. "This is war," I thought; "the representation of it!"

Once more the burning sun scorches my face and hands and causes me to feel thirsty. Not a drop of water is left in the flask. Why did I not scream louder? The Cossacks might have heard me. Even the Turks would be better than these pangs. Mother, darling mother! You would tear your hair if you knew! You would curse those who instigated the war to bring suffering over people! Goodby, mother, sister—all!

Once more the little white dog. Why did I come here? Tomorrow is the third day. How many more? Death, where art thou? Come and take me.

But death does not come. I have still to live and to suffer. I am here under the burning sun, without a drop of water, and the nearness of the dead body is poisoning me. The worms have nearly finished him, and then they will be ready for me. The day passes and the night. The same thing. Another morning and another night.

There is a stir in the branches, and a noise as if they were talking. "You will die, die, die!" they whisper. "Never see again!" answer the bushes from the other side.

"From here you can see them!" says a loud voice near me.

I start and gain consciousness at once. Through the bushes I can see the kind blue eyes of Iakovlev, our corporal, looking at me.

"Shovels!" he cried. "Here are two more, ours and theirs."

"No shovels! I don't need to be buried! I am alive!" I want to call out, but my throat is parched, and the closed lips are unable to utter a sound.

"Heavens! He is alive! Mr. Ivanoff. Boys, come here! Our young carine (master) is alive. Quickly call the doctor!"

Although one of my legs had to be operated upon, I have lived to tell and write of the terrible days I passed on the field of war.—Exchange.

Time's Cure.

We were talking to a man who lately had a very great and soul smiting grief. He declared that he never would get over it; that he couldn't; that death had come to his household and shown him that life was not worth living, for directly his affections were centered on any special objects those objects were removed and the void left thereby never to be filled. He knew that others got over such griefs, but he would prove the exception. He couldn't get over it, and he believed it, but as we listened we recognized the fallacy of his sentiments, for have we not buried mother, father, baby, friend, all taken when most they were loved and needed, yet today the sun shines brightly for us, the sky seems blue and laughter comes spontaneously to our lips? We have not forgotten those loved one who have gone. We think of them with a sweet though misty recollection of their personal relationship to us. The poignant grief at their loss is gone; time has dulled it—a blessed provision of nature, for were it not so we never could go on working out our plan of life deadened by a weight of woe that only those who have lost dear ones can know.—Philadelphia Times.

The Sun, the Moon and the Tides.

Most people suppose that the moon alone is responsible for the phenomenon of tides, but the attraction of the sun is also an important factor. Of course the distance of the sun from the earth is unthinkably greater than that of the moon, but its mass is so enormous that it has considerable tide producing influence. The force which the sun exerts is the same on both sides of the earth at the same time, the tide producing force of the great orb being about four-tenths that of the moon. At the time of both new and full moons the "wane spheroids produced by both the sun and the moon have their axes coincident"—that is to say, the two great orbs unite their energies on the fluids of our planet and as a result the tides are higher than the average for the remaining portions of the month. These are the "spring tides." The "neap tides" come in the time of the moon's first and third quarter, and are not as great as the average, because the moon and the sun are each working in opposition to the other.—St. Louis Republic.

Seventeenth Century Superstitions.

That it is a very unfortunate thing for a man to meete early in a morning an ill favored man or woman, a rough footed Hen, a shag-haird Dogge, or a blacke Cat. That it is a signe of death to some in that house, where Crickets have bin many yeeres, if on a sudden they forsake the Chimney Corner. That if a man dream of egs or fire, he shall heare of anger. That to dreame of the devil is good lucke. That to dreame of gold good lucke, but of silver ill. That if a man be born in the daytime, he shall be unfortunate. That if a child be born with a Caule on his head, he shall be very fortunate. That when the palme of the right hand itcheth, it is a shrewd sign he shall receive money. That it is a great signe of ill lucke, if Rats gnaw a mans cloathes. That it is naught for any man to give a paire of Knives to his sweetheart, for feare it cuts away all love that is between them. That it is ill lucke to have the saltseller fall toward you.—Notes and Queries.

Particular Prisoners.

Prisoners, it has been said, think much of the rank of those who pass sentence of death upon them, and the sheep stealer of bygone days preferred that his doom should proceed from the lips of a chief justice. Lord Campbell mentions a case where a sergeant presided on the Oxford circuit in place of the judge taken suddenly ill, and a man was capitally convicted. Being asked, as usual, whether he had anything to say, he replied, "Yes, I wish to say that I have been tried before a journeyman judge."—Liverpool Mercury.

The Pope's Plate.

It is doubtful whether any one has more gold and silver plate and other objects of value than the pope. It is declared that were he to melt down all the medals, chains, vessels and other objects preserved in the Vatican, the amount of gold obtained would make more coin than the whole of the present European circulation.

In the Light of Experience.

Nodd—Before we were married, when we went into a restaurant, it used to take my wife about an hour to decide on what she wanted.

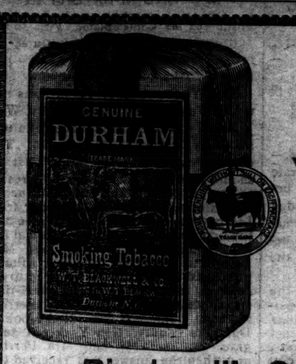
Todd—Doesn't it now?

"No, sir. I never let her see a bill of fare."—Detroit Free Press.

Discouraging.

"Don't you find it rather lonely here," asked Cholly, "with nobody to talk to?"

"Yes," she replied, with a vacant look into space, "and it's getting worse every minute."—Washington Star.



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Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.		STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive.	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	.....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City	8 01	8 17
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 25 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.55 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

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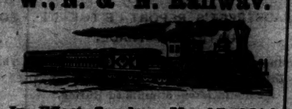


In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No.	No.		No.	No.
A. M	P. M	—Wilmington—	P. M	P. M
7 00	3 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv.... Surry street ....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar. Jacksonville Lv		12 15
11 09	3 33	Lv " Ar	10 48	10 35
11 58	4 20	Lv...Maysville.....Lv	10 00	9 16
12 10	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.....Lv	9 38	8 10
1 30	5 3	Ar...Newbern Lv	9 20	8 16
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 9 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 23 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 20, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.55 a m, Warsaw 11.46 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.05 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 8.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.38 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 2.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 6.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.40 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 5.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.58 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 5.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 m, New York 9.20 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 8.43 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.35 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.16 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Hall ax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.06 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leave Parmele 9 50 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 7 21 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.20 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11 30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.21 a m. Dillon 9 35 a m, Rowland 9 59 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 05 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.56 p m; daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 5.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 40 a m and 9 .0 p m, arrive Darlington 9 20 and 9 50 p m. leave Darlington 9 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11 20 a m Wadesboro 1 30 p m, Returning leave Wadesboro 2 p m, Cheraw 3 40 p m, Darlington 7.45 p m and 6 05 p m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m and 6 50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 7 20 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9 35 a m, arrive Floyds 9 50 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Sumter 9 30 a m, Returning, leave Sumter 5 50 p m Darlington 8 15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 09 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 00 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 19 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.30 a m, Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m. leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.45 a m, 8.25 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.55 p m Smithfield 5.05 p m, Dunn 5.50 p m, Fayetteville 6.35 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.05 p m. returning leave Rowland 9 52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.54 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11 35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 25 a m, Creston 5 21 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9 15 p m Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3.50 p m Daily except Sunday.

Bennettsville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Luckn

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

Net Receipts of Cotton at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Galveston, 934,440; New Orleans, 1,770,006; Mobile, 206,084; Savannah, 755,881; Charleston, 171,189; Wilmington, 980,418; Norfolk, 389,941; Baltimore, 44,852; New York, 98,459; Boston, 154,408; Newport News, 15,472; Philadelphia, 45,198; West Point, 143,689; Brunswick, 74,340; Port Royal, 75,754; Pensacola, 17,608; Texas City, 54,019. Total, 5,180,273.

The *Sun* says: Cotton was at one time fourteen to twenty points higher, but lost part of the improvement, closing barely steady at a net advance of eight to nine points; August declined six points. The sales were 226,800 bales.

Cotton causerie: Liverpool advanced sharply to day, and prices rose in response. There were some showers reported in parts in Mississippi, Louisiana and Alabama, but the precipitation in Texas was very light. Shorts covered, and bad crop reports continue to pour in. So prices advanced. Towards the close rumors were in circulation that heavy rains had fallen in Louisiana and Mississippi, and though they were not verified prices reacted and lost part of the improvement. The market closed barely steady.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat and Corn Closed Lower—Oats Higher—Lard Unchanged—Ribs Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 14.—The liquidation of September wheat, which took place on Wednesday and Thursday, about eliminated that character of trading from the wheat market for the present, and to-day the action was quiet and uninteresting. September wheat opened from 55½c to 55c, sold between 55½@55¾c and 54¾c, closing at 55c bid—½@⅝c under yesterday. Cash wheat was steady.

Corn—The interest in corn was moderate. May corn opened at 27c, sold between 27@27½c and 26¾c, closing at the inside—¼c under yesterday. Cash corn was firm, prices ruling about the same as yesterday.

Oats were firm. May oats closed ½c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were ¼c higher for new and ½c for old.

Provisions—Until late in the session the product exhibited strength, which was in consideration of the fact that hogs had advanced 5@10c. The trade did not show a corresponding improvement, however, and but scant interest was shown in the market. Prices eased off later, with wheat. January pork closed 5c lower; January lard unchanged and January ribs 2½c lower.

DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS

Important Campaign Matters Discussed at a Conference Held Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 14.—There were very few callers this morning at the Democratic National headquarters at the Hotel Bartholdi. An important conference, in which Senator Jones, Governor Stone, of Missouri, and Senator Gorman took part, was held all the forenoon in Senator Jones' room at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Important campaign matters were discussed, it was said, and the appointment of the campaign committee was gone into.

Hon. Arthur Sewall, when seen this morning at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, announced that he would leave for his home in Maine in a day or two. He said that he was very well satisfied with the way matters were shaping themselves in the campaign. "I am convinced," said he, "that the speech made by Mr. Bryan was a powerful argument in favor of our cause and will bring the ticket many voters."

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Pears, Southern, fancy, barrel, $1.00 to 3 50; watermelons, car-loads, $100 to 250, do per hundred $8 00 to 35 00; muskmelons, barrel, 75c to $3 50; peaches, Maryland and Delaware, basket, 30 to 75c; do carrier, 40c to $1 25

The "sound money" Democrats of Maryland are likely to send sixteen delegates to the Indianapolis Convention, notwithstanding action of the Executive Committee of the Sound Money League of Maryland in deciding to make no effort in that direction. The opinion is growing that a "sound money" electoral ticket should be nominated in Maryland.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 23¾@24¾c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 57½@1 60.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 21@22. sales — casks Rosin firm; sales — barrels: B, C, $1 25, D, E $1 30, F $1 30, G $1 35 H $1 40 I $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 60, W G $1 70, W W $1 75.

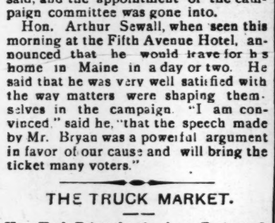
SAVANNAH, Aug. 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23¾, with sales of 2 000 casks; receipts 1 708 casks.

Since April 1—Receipts 184,054 casks against 165 215 for the same period last year; exports 157,505 casks against 142,546 last year; stock 31 765 casks against 25 090 last year.

Rosin firm; sales 2,000 barrels; receipts 7,189 barrels; A, B, C, D, E $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 55, I $1 60, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 75, W G $1 85, W W $2 00.

Since April 1—Receipts 442,845 barrels against 421,948 last year; exports 432,959 barrels against 385,921 last year; stock 144,864 barrels against 125 307 last year.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

BUSINESS UNCHANGED.

BRADSTREET'S REPORT OF THE SITUATION IN TRADE.

Industries Continue Quiet With More Men Idle—But Favorable Crop Conditions in the South Have Stimulated Buying.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 14.—Bradstreet's says that the volume of business throughout the country is practically unchanged. New features do not point to improvement in prospects for Fall business. Industries generally continue quiet, with more men idle than a week ago. The most significant feature was higher rates for money early in the week; some difficulty in obtaining the immediate money. This disappeared with a manifest reaction against the free silver sentiment which followed the silver demonstration at New York August 19.

Jobbers in woollens are meeting immediate wants only. Receipts of new wools exceed sales, and manufacturers prefer to let holders carry the raw material. Jobbers of dry goods report no outlook for an active Fall demand. Higher priced cotton strengthens views of manufacturers but does not sell goods.

Mercantile collections are difficult to make at Charleston and Atlanta. Jacksonville jobbers report remittances slow, as do those at Birmingham and in the West, at Cleveland, Detroit, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

There is little or no demand for iron or steel, notwithstanding the capacity of furnaces in blast was restricted during July more than 50,000 tons. Manufacturers of hardware and jewelry report business excessively dull.

Crop reports from some portions of South Carolina are discouraging, while the vegetable crop in Florida has been greatly reduced by the drought. Crop conditions in Alabama have fallen off within two weeks and the Kentucky tobacco outturn has been reduced by the prolonged drought.

Wholesale dealers at Chicago and at St. Louis report moderate gains in distribution of dry goods.

The brighter side of the picture is found in generally favorable crop conditions at the South, which have stimulated buying at Baltimore, Savannah, New Orleans and Texas. The early movement of cotton is pointing to improved mercantile collection.

The financial situation at New Orleans is relieved by sugar bounty payments.

There are 258 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, compared with 269 last week. The increase as compared with the corresponding total one year ago is 63.

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE.

Brutal Treatment of a Little White Child in Baldwin County, Alabama.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, August 14.—Rev. Gardiner C. Tucker, rector of St. John's Church, Episcopal, Mobile, and his family have been spending the Summer at Battle's wharf, a resort on the eastern shore of Mobile Bay, Alabama. At 2 o'clock this morning, Mr. and Mrs. Tucker were aroused by a tapping at the back door of their home and then a childish voice was heard, crying out, "Please, mamma, let me in."

Astonished and alarmed, the parents opened the door to find their six-year-old daughter lying on the steps. She was taken in and soon told her awful story. In substance, she said that a man had taken her from the house and into the woods, where he had injured her. She was out of the house about an hour. The man, she said, brought her back to the house, putting her down at the gate. She had dragged herself to the rear gallery and knocked at the door. She said that the man was short and thick-set, of light complexion, a white man or a mulatto negro.

Mr. Tucker immediately aroused his neighbors and searching parties were organized. By the light of torches, lanterns and lamps the country adjacent to Battle's wharf was thoroughly scoured. By daybreak the whole community was on foot, but no definite clew could be obtained, except that about 12 o'clock the children in the Catholic Orphans' Summer Home had been alarmed by an intruder who came in at the window and when the children asked what he wanted, replied: "The sisters." Then he retired. He was said to be a negro. The man who entered Tucker's house went in at the window, picked up the child from a bed on which lay also a 12 year-old daughter of Mr. Tucker. The little victim did not awake until she was out of the house. Reporters have gone to the scene, but as yet nothing has been heard from them.

FUSION IN WASHINGTON.

Democrats Dissatisfied with the Report of the Conference Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ELLENSBURG, August 14.—Between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning the conference committee agreed upon the following fusion plan, which was reported back to the several conventions at the opening of the forenoon sessions: The Populists were awarded two Presidential electors, the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Secretary of State, Auditor, Land Commissioner and one Congressman. The Democrats were allotted two electors, the member of the Supreme Court, the Treasurer and the State Printer. The Free Silver Republicans were allotted one Congressman, the Attorney General and the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The scheme is being vigorously discussed and debated on the floor by the three conventions. The Democrats are greatly chagrined and dissatisfied with it, and it is probable that their convention will reject the proposition and nominate a separate ticket, unless they are given a Congressman.

DOCTOR NANSEN,

The Arctic Explorer, Tells of His Attempt and Failure to Reach the North Pole.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

VARDO, NORWAY, August 14.—Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, says he expects that the Fram will eventually arrive at Spitzenbergen. He says that she drifted with the wind westerly in a direction to 84 degrees. Rocky seas, he says, prevented him from entering the mouth of the Olensk river for the purpose of procuring dogs, and lack of dogs prevented him from reaching the North Pole, which he would otherwise have found. Dr. Nansen says he found water 3,800 metres deep, which became appreciably warmer at a depth of 190 metres. The land voyage, he says, was very arduous, but had extremely valuable results. He reached the northern coast of Franz Joseph land in the autumn of 1895, and built a storm house there, in which he lived all the next winter.

Reports from Montpelier, Idaho, place the amount taken from the Bank of Montpelier by three robbers Thursday at $10,000. The outlaws struck out for the Jackson Hole country, with the sheriff and a posse of thirty men in pursuit.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, awaken the kidneys and liver to a healty activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

AN IMPORTANT CASE

CONCERNING RAILROAD INTERESTS OF THE SOUTH

The Injunction Suit Against the S. A. L. to be Heard To-day in the U. S. Circuit Court at Greenville South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GREENVILLE, S. C., August 14.—What is known as the railroad rate case will be heard here to-morrow before United States Circuit Court Judge Simonton. The case has attracted national attention and the contest is being watched with keen interest by the business and railroad world.

The great railroad interests of the South are fully represented here to participate in or to hear the proceedings. The immediate point at issue is whether certain railroads should be permanently restrained from making proposed cuts in rates.

The temporary order was secured in behalf of the Port Royal & Augusta road by Major Augustine T. Smythe, of Smythe, Lee & Frost, and he has given the *News and Courier* correspondent the statement of the case:

"Owing to the Southern Railway Company changing its terminus of their Baltimore line of steamers to Portsmouth, thus making competition with the Old Bay Line, which is controlled by the Seaboard Air Line, the Seaboard threatened to cut the rates to an unremunerative point, unless the Southern took off its boats. The Southern claimed as much right to run a line of boats from Norfolk to Baltimore on the Seaboard, whereupon the Seaboard cut all through passenger and freight rates about 35 per cent. This rate their connections refuse to recognize. The Southern States Freight Association, after endeavoring and failing to secure recognition of the cut rates, ordered a cut of 80 per cent. Mr. John H. Averill, receiver of the Port Royal & Augusta Railroad, through his counsel, Smythe, Lee and Frost, of Charleston, filed a bill in the United States Court for South Carolina, asking an injunction against a continuance of the 35 per cent. rate and against the putting into effect the 80 per cent. cut. The bill recites the facts and then takes the ground that these cuts are in violation of the provisions of the Inter-State Commerce law, and that the S. A. L. and its connections and the other roads have entered into a combination and conspiracy by these cuts to inflict great loss and damage on the other railroads and the public: that no public demand had been made for any such reductions in rates; that the commercial and farming interests of the country will suffer untold damage by the great demoralization of rates; that railroads are public corporations, charged with the performance of grave public duties, which they are obliged to perform under pain of forfeiting their charters; that the law requires all rates to be reasonable and just, thus affording sufficient income to the roads to enable them to keep their roadbeds and stock in proper condition to carry on their operations. Upon the filing of this bill, Judge Chas. H. Simonton, United States Circuit Judge, granted a restraining order and a rule to show cause to-morrow why a permanent injunction should not be granted, and the hearing comes off to-morrow on this rule.

The effect of the case in railroad circles is shown by the fact that among those in this city to attend the hearing are H. M. Comer, president, Central of Georgia; A. B. Andrews, first vice president, J. M. Culp, traffic manager, and Judge Henderson, general counsel for the Southern; S. R. Kaott, vice president, Louisville & Nashville; Reuben Foster, president, York River Steamboat Company; H. S. Haines, commissioner, Southern States Freight Association; I. H. Averill, receiver, A. T. Smythe, general counsel, R. H. Wright, G. P. A., Port Royal and Augusta; General Superintendent V. E. McBee, General Counsel Watts, Messrs. Spalding and King and H. W. B. Glover, general traffic manager of the Seaboard Air Line; W. J. Craig, S. J. Simpson, of the Charleston & Western Carolina; W. H. Lilles, general counsel for the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens; R. G. Stone, general freight agent of the Georgia, Southern & Florida; G. T. Barron, general counsel, and W. H. Fitzsimmons, Atlantic Coast Line; W. H. Black, E. R. Black, counsel for Southern States Freight Association, and W. L. McGill, secretary Southern States Freight Association; H. A. Smith, counsel for S. A. L.; W. H. Fitzgerald, commissioner of the Associated Railways of Virginia and the Carolinas; Judge Edward Baxter, H. C. Cunningham, general counsel for the Georgia Central, and W. A. Winburn, G. F. A. for the Central of Georgia.

VENEZUELA TROUBLE.

Probability of an Early and Satisfactory Settlement of the Difficulty Between Great Britain and the United States.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 14.—In the House of Commons to day Sir William Harcourt, the leader of the opposition, asked in regard to the Venezuelan situation, if the proposal contained in the dispatch sent to the Foreign Office by the United States Government on June 19th last had removed the difficulties, and further inquired whether there were any prospects of a speedy submission of the question to arbitration.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, said that the Government was still considering the proposal made by the United States Government, which was regarded by the Foreign Office as opening the way for an equitable settlement of the difficulty. The Government, he added, had every expectation that the pending negotiations would lead to an early and satisfactory result.

Sir William Harcourt said that the House would regard Mr. Balfour's statement as satisfactory, and asked to have the paper on the subject prepared to be presented to the House.

Mr. Balfour replied that the Government would present the papers to the House as soon as might be consistent with public interest.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth 23, Lynchburg 7.

Mobile—Mobile 2, Montgomery 12.

Brooklyn—The Brooklyn-Baltimore game postponed on account of rain.

Boston—Boston 4, New York 0.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia 14, Washington 0.

Louisville—Louisville 5, Chicago 4.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 6, Cleveland 4.

Roanoke—Roanoke 11, Petersburg 1.

Richmond—Richmond 7, Norfolk 3.

The U. S. cruiser Raleigh left New York yesterday to join Admiral Bunce's squadron at Hampton Roads. The fleet is expected to sail for another week's evolutions at sea, after which New York will be the rendezvous until Li Hung Chang's arrival.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MR. AND MRS. BRYAN

Abandoned the Contemplated Visit to Mr. Sewall—Will Visit Friends in Dutchess County, New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 14.—It was not until 1 o'clock this afternoon that Wm. J. Bryan was able to announce definitely his plans for the next few weeks. The decision arrived at last night that he should take a rest at some quiet resort to recuperate from the effects of the severe strain imposed by his tour from Lincoln to New York and to give him the opportunity to write his formal letter of acceptance, set Mr. and Mrs. Bryan to thinking about a suitable place, and it was finally decided to accept an invitation tendered some time ago to visit Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Perrine, at their home, Upper Red Hook, in Dutchess county, New York. A telegram was sent Mr. and Mrs. Perrine, and when the answer was received this afternoon saying that the visit would be agreeable at this time, Mr. Bryan announced his programme.

Mrs. Perrine was a teacher at the Female Academy in Jacksonville, Ill., while Mrs. Bryan was a pupil there. Mr. Bryan also knows her well, as he was a student at the same time at Jacksonville College.

Standing in the vestibule of William P. St. John's residence, No. 128 West Thirty-fourth street, Mr. Bryan told a group of newspaper men what his plans were. He said that he, Mrs. Bryan and Mr. Sewall would leave New York over the New York Central some time to-morrow forenoon, probably at 10.45 for Irvington-on-the-Hudson, to stop over Sunday with John Brisben Walker, editor of the *Cosmopolitan* and an old friend. Mr. Sewall will return to Maine from Irvington, while Mr. and Mrs. Bryan will proceed on Monday to Upper Red Hook. They expect to be with the Perrines a week or ten days and on the conclusion of the visit they will start West. Mr. Bryan said he expected to stop at several places on his Western journey, among them Buffalo, Erie and Cleveland. He was not prepared to give the dates, but it is known that he will be in Buffalo August 27th and in Erie on the 29th. At the latter place he will address the convention of Democratic clubs of Pennsylvania. He will reach Lincoln about September 1st, and probably receive the notification committee of the National Silver party at that time.

Beyond the information contained in this statement Mr. Bryan had nothing to say. With reference to his physical condition he told a Southern Associated Press representative with a smile that while he felt that he had not reached the end of his physical strength and power, he felt necessary to have as much rest and quiet as possible while engaged in the composition of his letter of acceptance.

Mr. Bryan will not make any speeches, according to present intentions, on his trip to Upper Red Hook. He said his speaking programme had not been arranged, but that he might speak in New York again before the election. Mr. Bryan's voice is still husky, but he looks well and strong.

The decision to proceed West immediately after the visit to Upper Red Hook is understood to mean an entire abandonment of the contemplated visit to Mr. Sewall at Bath, Me. Whether Mr. Bryan will visit New England during the campaign is doubtful, but it is said that his personal inclinations are towards a New England campaign, and he may go there when he comes to New York again.

This afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Bryan went to a photograph gallery and had more photographs of themselves taken. Afterwards they took a drive about town with Mr. St. John and Mr. Sewall.

RAILROAD RATE WAR.

Negotiations for Final Settlement of the Trouble Between the Southern and the S. A. L.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, August 14.—It is understood that negotiations for the settlement of the Southern Railway and Seaboard Air Line trouble have made considerable progress. This is not officially admitted, but interests outside of the Seaboard Air Line and the Southern Railway are striving to bring about an understanding which will prevent the renewal of hostilities after the hearing before Judge Simonton to-morrow. It is reasonably certain that if an agreement is not reached the Seaboard Air Line will find ways and means of cutting into the revenue of the Southern Railway and this in turn will be felt by other roads. The Pennsylvania is understood to have taken a hand in the effort to get a settlement and its influence with both lines is necessarily considerable. As matters now stand there is a deadlock in hostilities, the breaking of which may be full of significance and is waited with much concern.

WARM WIRELETS.

The yacht Alva, with William H. Vanderbilt and friends, arrived yesterday at Fort Monroe.

The Italian Government is persistent in its demand for report on the lynching of three Italians near New Orleans.

The United States Treasury gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $106 068,916. The withdrawals were $203 0 0.

At Fort Wayne, Ind., Robert J. paced an exhibition mile yesterday in 2 03, breaking the track record of 2.03¼ made by himself two years ago.

The President has appointed George C. Seibels assistant paymaster in the navy, subject to examination. Seibels is from Alabama. There were more than 150 applicants for the place.

It is announced at Indianapolis that a one-fare rate for the round trip has been secured for those who will attend the convention of the National Democratic (gold-bug) party in Indianapolis September 2nd.

The American Line steamer St. Paul, Capt. Jameson, arrived at New York from Southampton yesterday, after another record-breaking passage of six days and thirty-one minutes. This beats her former best record.

At Chattanooga, Tenn., on the charge of husband murder, Mrs. Sallie Jones was arrested and committed to prison without bond. The woman's paramour, Robert McRay, was also incarcerated with her, as an accessory to the deed.

The Monticello Club, the big Democratic club of New Haven, Conn., closed its doors last night. It is said that the club is in financial straits and that there is a conflict in the club's management between the gold and silver elements of the party.

"Horning" Professors.

Many college men will be interested in knowing just what the practice of "horning" professors is. President Tucker of Dartmouth gives what may be considered an official definition of this form of disorder. It is an expression of "dissatisfaction among students with a professor and consists of a "noisy and insulting demonstration against the instructor at his office or at his residence." Sometimes it is "attended with damage to property, but not with violence to person."—New York Tribune.

YOU CAN'T BUY HAPPINESS but if you are suffering from dyspepsia, scrofula, salt rheum, impure blood, you may be cured and made happy by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the nature of transient ailments, which vanish before prompt efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a [illegible]ed condition of the system, which [illegible] ly laxative, Syrup of Figs promptly removes. That is why [illegible] remedy with millions [illegible] everywhere esteemed so [illegible] who value good health, [illegible] effects are due to the [illegible] the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without [illegible] the organs on which it acts [illegible] all important, [illegible] beneficial effects [illegible] purchase, that [illegible] article, which [illegible] California Fig Syrup [illegible] by all reputable [illegible]

If [illegible] health, and [illegible] laxatives or other [illegible] needed. If afflicted [illegible] disease, one may [illegible] the most skillful physician, [illegible] in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and [illegible] general satisfaction.

Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Waverley BICYCLES.

Highest of High Grades.

Experienced Riders.

Select the Waverley because they have learned to know the difference between a wheel that is actually high grade and one that is simply claimed to be. Some others may be good but the Waverley is the highest of all high grade. Scorcher (6 heights) $60 0. Belle 26 and 28 inch $75.00 and $60.00.

MADE BY INDIANA BICYCLE CO., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Thomas H. Wright, Agent.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.10.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50 Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Store and Office for Rent.

THE DOUBLE STORE ON NORTH WATER street now occupied by D. McEachern, with wharf privilege. Also southeast corner office up stairs; both very desirable stands. Apply to

aug 13 2w NAVASSA GUANO CO.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 3.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m.; 7 15 p. m

Leave Ocean View 7 30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 10 p. m.

On and after July 15th there will be no 12 30 p. m. freight; trains on the W. S. C. R. R. Freight will be carried at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. and 5 10 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 3.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m., 7 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

jy 18 tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, New Hanover County. } Superior Court.

J. G. Barentine, vs. Walker Meares, Adelaide S. Meares, Eliza A. Munds, William C. Munds, Sue Kidder Meares, Margaret R. Meares, Joshua W. Meares, and W. A. Wright, Administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo of W. A. Wright, deceased.

This is an action for the foreclosure of a mortgage of both real and personal estate, situate in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, in which the defendant, Joshua W. Meares, has an interest. And it appearing that the said defendant is a non-resident of this State, and that the Court has jurisdiction of the subject matter of the action. Now therefore this is to command the said defendant, Joshua W. Meares, to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, to be held in the Court House in the city of Wilmington, on the third Monday after the first Monday in September, 1896, and answer, or demur, to the complaint in said action, or judgment will be rendered according to the complaint.

JNO. D. TAYLOR, Clerk Superior Court.

au 9 6t sun

SUMMER RESORTS.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

THIS FAMOUS RESORT IS AT ALL TIMES open for the reception of guests.

The Mineral Springs,

Ten in number and all of different analyses, and are unsurpassed for medicinal virtues. No watering place on the Atlantic coast

Offers Superior Advantages

to those seeking rest and health. The large number of persons who have been

RESTORED TO HEALTH

after the virtues of the Mineral Water at this famous resort

For particulars address

HOTEL TOWNSEND,

my 24 tf Red Springs, N. C.

SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS,

Alleghany County, Va.

THESE CHARMING SPRINGS are situated in a lovely valley, ensconced in the BACKBONE OF THE ALLEGHANIES, at an elevation of 3,000 feet, in the midst of the "Switzerland Region" of Virginia, and only nine miles from Alleghany Station—the highest point on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Beef and mutton supplied from the finest blue grass sod. Vegetables in abundance, grown in the garden of the noted property. RATES MODERATE.

For further particulars, write

B. F. BAKLE, JR., Manager.

je 16 tf

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.,

OPEN JUNE 1, 1896 ELEVATION 2,000 feet. No fogs or mosquitoes Accommodations for over 1,000 guests. Rates reduced 33 per cent. Extensive improvements made this year will add greatly to the pleasure and comfort of visitors. Send for handsomely illustrated catalogue.

JAMES A. FRAZIER, Managing Receiver.

my 29 tf

HOTEL BEDFORD,

BEDFORD CITY, Va., at the famous Peaks of Otter; summer, health and pleasure resort; most beautiful and pleasant place in the mountains of Virginia; MAGNIFICENT AND ELEGANTLY EQUIPPED HOTEL; lowest rates this year ever offered; write for booklet. Address

HOTEL BEDFORD, Bedford City, Va.

je 17 tf

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

122 and 124 W. Franklin St., BALTIMORE, MD.

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

for Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, Sept. 24th. 34th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.

jy 22 2m wed sat

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College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. Charles St Ave., Baltimore, Md.

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Three Assistant Instructors—all degrees graduates and experienced teachers. Apply for Catalogue.

aug 1 D&W 1m

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

58th Year. State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough Courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course. Grad. V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in Post Graduate courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of $36 50 per month as an average for the four years, exclusive of outfit.

GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

jy 15 19t tu th sa

North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts.

This College offers thorough courses in Agriculture, Mechanical, Civil and Electrical Engineering, and in Science. General academic studies supplement all these technical courses.

EXPENSES PER SESSION, INCLUDING BOARD:

For County Students, - - - $ 91 00

For All Other Students, - - 121 00

Apply for Catalogues to

ALEXANDER Q. HOLLADAY, President.

RALEIGH, N. C.

jy 10 tf

A. & N. C. R. R.

Transportation Department,

Newbern, N. C., Aug. 6, 1896.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Co.

BY RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF Directors:

"That Stockholders be allowed a free pass over the road from the 15th to the 30th of August, both inclusive to be issued and notice given according to resolution of August 7th, 1895."

RESOLUTION OF AUGUST 7TH, 1895,

"Notice thereof to be given providing that stockholders of record and their immediate families shall be entitled and that blanks be furnished upon application. Limit to be positive and no exception allowed."

A blank form of application will be furnished from this office the same as last year on application to the undersigned.

Only one application from each stockholder will be necessary. S. L. DILL, Supt.

NOTE that this Company's construction of a Stockholder's immediate family consists of husband and wife and children, and such others of his household who domicile with him under his own roof and who are dependent upon him for support. au 9 tf

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

For Sale,

A LOT CONTAINING TWO DWELLINGS and Store, corner Market and Ninth streets. For particulars address

J. A. MONTGOMERY, Wilmington, N. C.

aug 6 1w*

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

On Saturday, Aug. 15

We will take our semi-annual inventory and will offer during this week lots of merchandise at COST rather than carry them to next season.

We want room in our CARPET and RUG Department for the new stock which will soon be here. To make this room we offer our

$1.00 Velvet Carpets for 80c.

85c Brussel Carpets for 60c.

75c " " " 50c.

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON ART SQUARES AND RUGS.

We offer 3,000 yards of Dark and Light Challie, Ginghams, Organdy and Light Figured Duck, all at 10c per yard. Some were our 35c Goods.

We are sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Butterick Paper Patterns.

Subscription for the Delineator taken at our Store.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.

BRIGHT, PURE, ELEVATING And Instructive

Are the advertisements of the One-Price Cash Store of the City by the Sea. Our principal aim in spending money with the newspapers for advertisment is to instruct the reading public by teaching them the prices of the different classes of Dry Goods they need in their daily lives. We claim to be the leading and most progressive Dry Goods store in the city, and handle everything that is kept in the largest department store throughout the United States.

Perhaps you are thinking of taking a trip and you may want a trunk, grip bag or valise. Small, Zinc-covered Trunks, 36 inches high, tray and bonnet box, at $1.35 each, 28 inches, at $1.75; 30 inches, at $2 25. Large and fine Saratoga Trunks, with sheet-iron bottoms, zinc, bright and attractive in appearance, with good lock and clash, 30 inches long, at $2.75; 34 inches, at 3 25; 36 inches, at 4.35. Canvas-covered, 36 inches long, at $4 25. Hand Bags and Grip Bags of all kinds. Mackintosh Coats and Ladies' Rubber Gossamers selling very low; all new and strictly up-to-date. Assorted colors, for ladies, from $1.65 to 2.50 each. All Wool, for men, with Cape and Long Coats, best rubber-lined, from $3.75 up to 10.00 each.

Fine line of new Umbrellas in rattan handles. Gloria top, Paragon frame, at 75 and 80c each. Congo handle, with Twilled Silk top, Paragon frame, at $1.00 each. The same Umbrella we have been selling at $1.50.

We wish to call attention to the fact that we handle the following goods in large quantities. Ladies' Slippers—We wish to close to make more room for our Fall stock of Shoes. A very nice Slipper, with patent tip, Dongola finish, at 39c a pair. Better Slippers, worth $1.00, for 80c a pair. Our line at $1.69, now 1 45 a pair, are as neat and fine Slippers as are to be found. The handsomest Slipper we ever had at $2 50, now at 2.10 a pair. Men's Patent Leather Slippers, worth $1.35, now at 1.10 a pair. Dongola Low Cut Shoes for men, worth $1.35, now 1.10 a pair. Men's and Boys' Rubber Bottom Slippers, leather insole, with rubber bottoms, at 40c a pair. Men's fine Buff Shoes, all solid, soft and nice, Tie, Lace and Congress, at $1.00 a pair. Men's high cut, solid Brogan Shoes, at 80c a pair.

You will find us at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

au 9 tf WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

Special Clearance Sale BY JOHNSON & FORE.

Commencing Monday, the 20th Inst.,

WE OFFER SOME UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

Your Choice of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 75 cts, Former Price $1.25 to 1.75.

Twenty Pieces 36-inch Percale at 6c Per Yrd.

Lawns at 10c Per Yard, Former Price 15 and 20 cts.

A Few Linens at 39c, Worth 50 and 60 cts.

All Millinery Goods for less than Cost.

Don't Miss the Sale,

JOHNSON & FORE,

Agents Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Underwear. jy 19 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of Business July 14th, 1896, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			
Loans		$492,601 75	
Overdrafts		None	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		41,250 00	
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	
Redemption Fund		1,856 00	
Due from Reserve Agents	$54,777 21		
Due from other Banks	48,866 98		
Cash on hand	83,336 02	186,980 21	
Total		$712,687 96	

LIABILITIES.		
Capital		$125,000 00
Surplus	$15,000 00	
Undivided profits	17,567 01	56,767 01
Circulation		37 130 00
Total Deposits		493,800 95
Total		$712,687 96

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, D. L. Gore, S. P. McNair, Sam'l Bear, Jr., W. E. Springer, C. W. Worth, E. J. Powers, H. L. Vollers, W. C. Coker, Jr., J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S.